

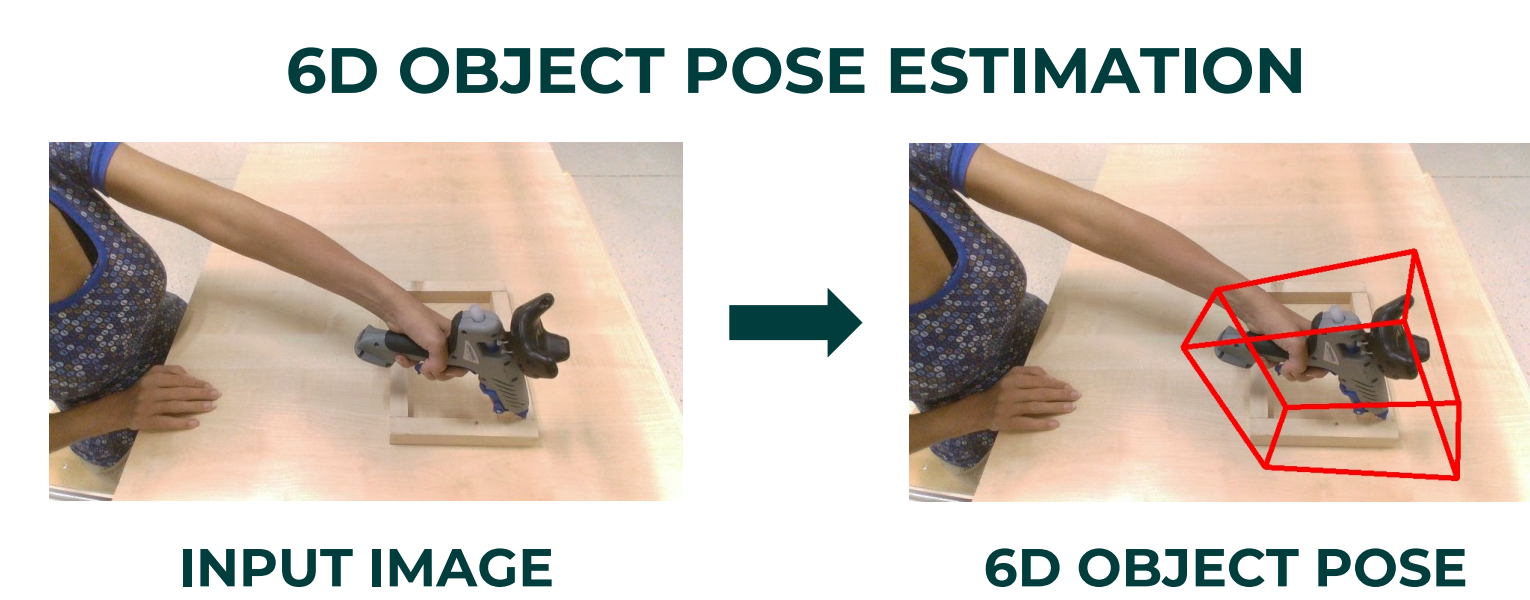
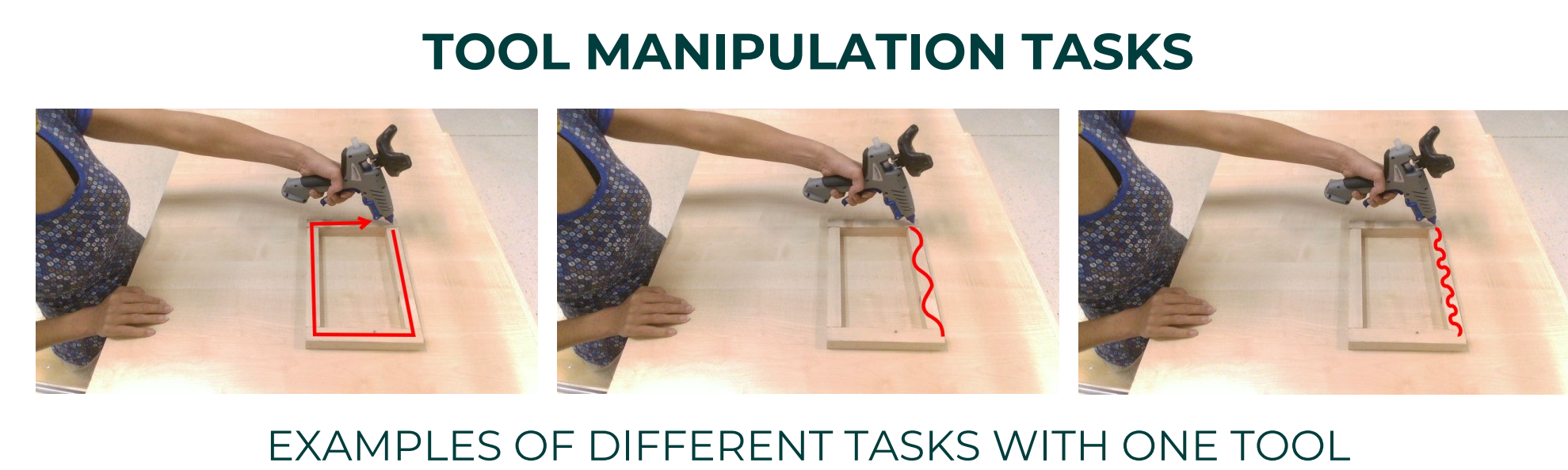
Imitrob: Imitation Learning Dataset for Training and Evaluating 6D Object Pose Estimators

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Motivation



Imitation learning in industrial applications

- Robot learns how to perform a task from demonstrations
- Requires 6D pose (position & orientation) of the tool

Challenges for 6D object pose estimation

- Manipulation and occlusion of the tool by the hand
- Lack of benchmarking datasets

Contributions

New 6D object pose benchmarking dataset

- Evaluation of a given 6D object pose estimation method
 - Suitability for imitation learning of a given robotic task
 - Generalization capabilities w.r.t. various setups

Methodology and software for dataset extension

- Acquisition of data for new tools and manipulation tasks
- No need for manual annotation or 3D model of the tool

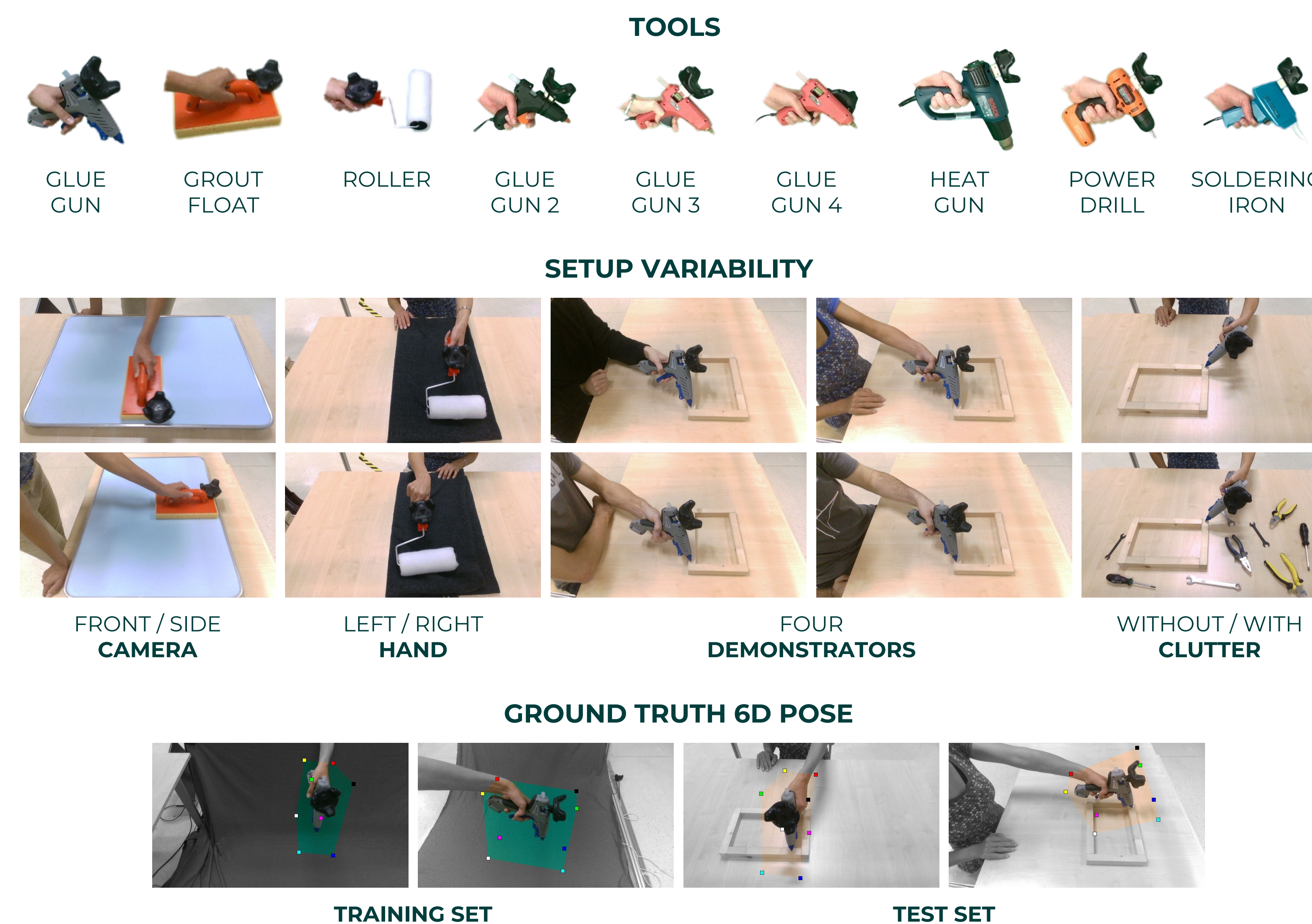
Dataset and code

- imitrob.ciirc.cvut.cz/imitrobdataset



OCTOBER 1 - 5, 2023
IEEE/RSJ International Conference on Intelligent Robots and Systems

Imitrob dataset



Test dataset

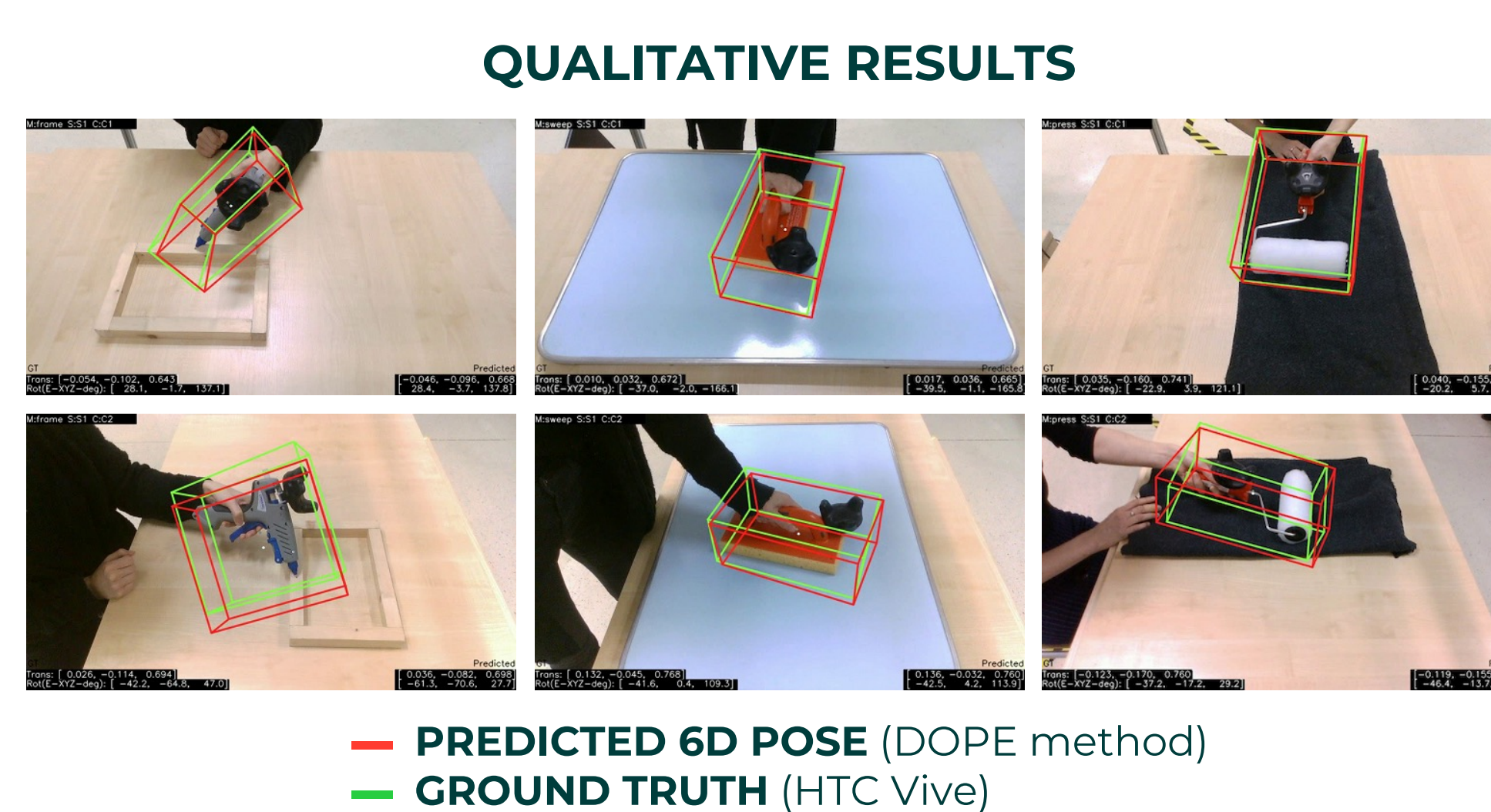
- 208 videos of 12 manipulation tasks with 9 tools
- Industrial use-cases in manufacturing-like environment
- 2 cameras, left/right hand, 4 demonstrators, (no) clutter

Training dataset

- 144 videos of random manipulation with 9 tools
- 2 cameras, left/right hand, 4 demonstrators

Ground truth 6D object pose

- Measured by HTC Vive tracker attached to the tool

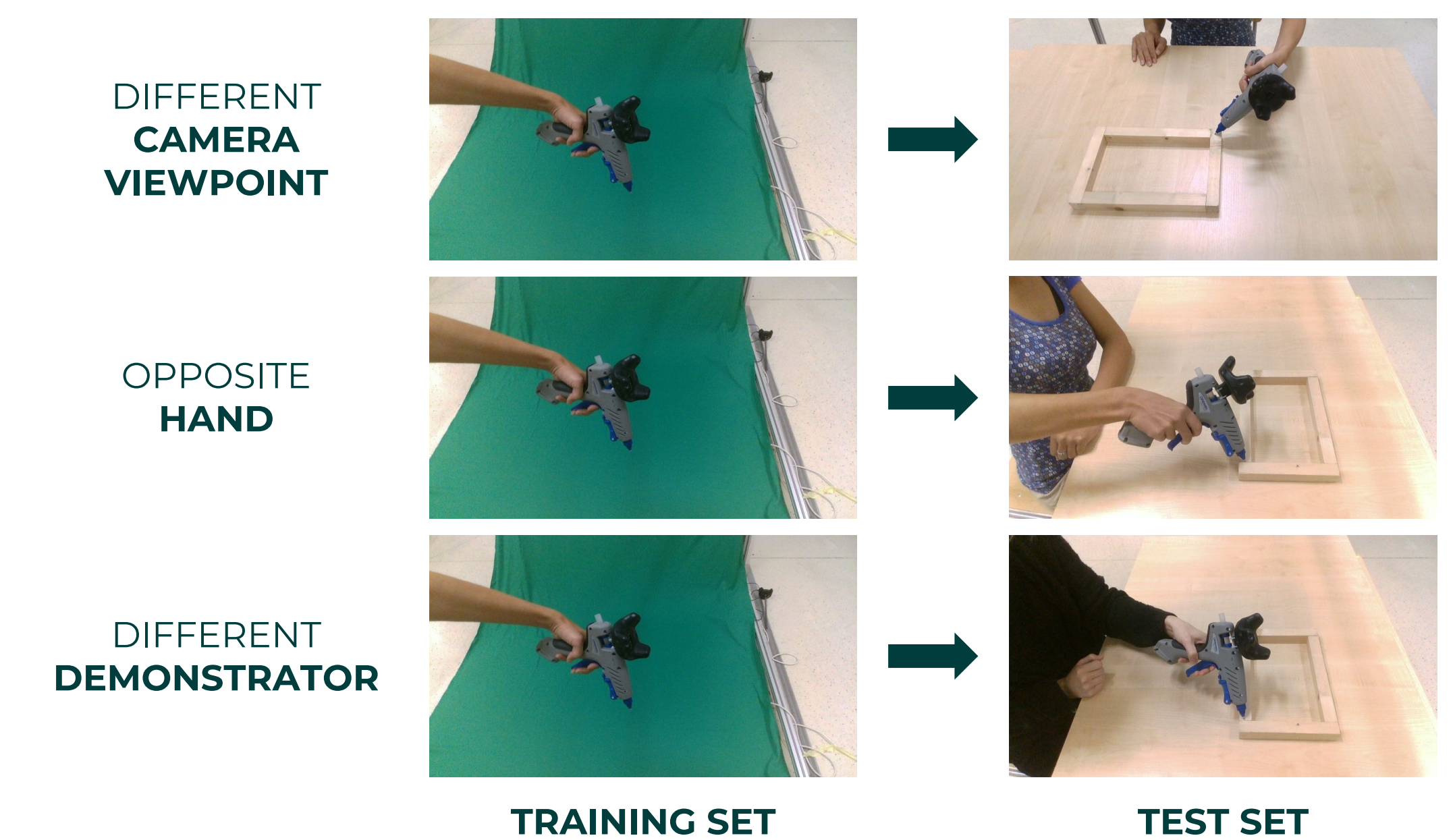


This work was supported by the European Regional Development Fund under the projects IMPACT (CZ.02.1.01/0.0/0.0/15_003/0000468) and Robotics for Industry 4.0 (CZ.02.1.01/0.0/0.0/15_003/0000470), EU Horizon Europe Programme under the project AGIMUS (101070165), VEGA (1/0796/18), MPO TRIO (FV40319), CTU Student Grant Agency (SGS21/184/OHK3/31/37), and the Czech Science Foundation (GA21-310005).

Experimental results

Tool	glue gun	grout float	roller	glue gun 2	glue gun 3	glue gun 4	heat gun	power drill	soldering iron	average
ADD _{5cm}	60.4	78.6	50.5	9.0	4.7	23.4	13.2	59.8	12.8	34.7%
E _{rot}	7.3	4.1	8.7	38.5	40.3	20.9	14.3	8.0	35.6	19.8°
E _{tra}	4.0	2.5	3.7	9.9	10.2	8.4	7.0	3.8	9.0	6.5 cm

GENERALIZATION EXPERIMENTS



Experiments

- Evaluation for each task and tool
- Generalization between training and test data setups

Evaluation metrics

- ADD (average bounding box distance) 5 cm pass rate [%]
- Rotation [deg] and translation [cm] errors

Example usage

- 6D object pose estimation method DOPE [1]
- Depth channel or 3D object model not required

Data augmentation

- Blending of original background with random images (first application in 6D object pose estimation domain)

DATA AUGMENTATION METHODS

	NoAug (no augmentation)	BgNoise	BgRandom / BgAlternate	BgBlend (best results)
ADD _{5cm}	29.2%	29.6%	45.6%	60.1%
improvement	—	1.0×	1.6×	2.1×

[1] Tremblay et al, Deep object pose estimation for semantic robotic grasping of household objects, CoRL 2018.